

Definitions

Throughout the Policy on the Safeguarding of Children, Young People and Adults at Risk the following definitions will apply:

DBS - the Disclosure and Barring Service. This statutory body has been created out of the merger of the Criminal Records Bureau and the Independent Safeguarding Authority.

Regulated activity - a term used to describe certain job functions carried out by an individual as defined by the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS). These requirements determine eligibility for an Enhanced Level DBS check and a check of the DBS Barred Lists. The DBS has set out eligibility guidelines which outline work that is classed as regulated activity, with regard to both children and vulnerable adults.

Radicalisation - the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and forms of extremism leading to terrorism.

Student - any student or trainee registered on a programme of study with the University, whatever mode of delivery and location, including higher apprenticeships.

Prevent - part of the UK government's overall anti-terrorism strategy, CONTEST. The Prevent duty aims to safeguard people from becoming terrorists or supporting terrorism. The UK government created two sets of statutory guidance to support the strategy, one of which is specifically for higher education bodies.

Channel - a multi-agency process which aims to provide support to individuals at risk of being drawn into violent extremism, thereby helping to prevent radicalisation and divert children, young people and vulnerable individuals from extremist views associated with terrorism.

Extract from Section 1.3 of the Edge Hill Policy on the Safeguarding of Children, Young People and Adults at Risk 2020-2023